IIIth Year.) THE (No. 3511.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, October 4, 1792.

WARSAW, *July* 12.

LETTERS are in great spirits here at present, from a very confident rumour through the city, that affairs between this country and Russia are in a train of accommodation—and which is a matter that seems to be generally credited, among the superior order of citizens.

I grant the rumour may have foundation, and my country from a wide spreading scene of blood. What has given cause to this strong hope is, nothing has certainly had some late conferences with de Bulgakow, the Russian minister. In consequence of which, it is said to have transpired, that Russia insists on a re-establishment of the old system. But, though this would never be consented to by the nation, without shifting first an ocean between, yet there are strong grounds to think the latter will recede from so harsh and extraordinary a demand, and admit of a final accommodation on terms of reconciliation, and consistent with that general satisfaction which undoubtedly pervades the kingdom at present in favour of the present system of government.

COBLENTZ, *July* 30.

The Austrian army, composed of 32,000 combatants, encamped on the plains near this town, received orders at three o'clock this morning to begin their march for Treves, on their way to the borders of France. The king is at their head, and will remain with them during the whole of this expedition.

To-day the prince de Conde, with the troops under his command, will leave the little town of Creutznach, the light-horse and the corps of Gens d'Armes, who are cantoned near Neuwied, have also left that place this morning, and have taken the road to Treves, which is the general rendezvous of all the troops that are under the orders of the king's brother.

LONDON, *August* 4.

Extract of a letter from Mayence, July 19.

"The following note was sent to the French minister on the 14th instant:

"The undersigned has received orders from his most serene highness, to notify the following to his excellency the minister plenipotentiary of France.

"The arrival of the king of Hungary, and Bohemia, elected supreme chief of the empire, the uninterrupted march of his troops and of those of his most serene majesty, towards the borders of the Rhine, the considerable augmentations of the number of the emigrants, in the electorate of Mayence and in the adjacent states, are facts which cannot have escaped the knowledge and observation of the minister plenipotentiary, and who, in the present circumstances, cannot be indifferent at it, as it is not in the power of his royal highness to guarantee him absolutely from the evils which may possibly result therefrom.

"The elector, jealous to observe every thing that is agreeable to the *Droits des Gens*, towards the subjects of a power against whom no war has been declared on the part of the empire, wishes to draw the attention of the minister plenipotentiary of France to the course of things, leaving to his consideration if it would not be better to retire from this country in a moment which in respect to him, does not permit him the perfect safety, or the usual reception in this country as to ministers who are appointed to reside

(Signed) "The Baron D'ALBINE."

"The two greatest princes allowed by the national assembly of France to important discoveries in natural philosophy, that of 1200 livres, has just been assigned to Mr. Herschel, for his astronomical discoveries, by the academy of sciences at Paris.

"General Luckner is now upon the frontiers, but at present here he has sworn upon his honour, that the combined armies of France do not contain 40,000 effective men. He further advises coercive measures against the army; but those the assembly reject, and accuse him and La Fayette of having betrayed them, and sold themselves to the king. It is evident that through the failure of the executive power the armies are every where ill supplied; for instance, the south, of 30,000 men, have only 1000 cavalry among them. The king has also named a ministry, all anti-Jacobins; and it is hourly expected that some dreadful acts of desperation will attend the discovery of the intrigues that have brought on the present crisis.

"General Montesquieu has resigned the command of the army, on the relation of several slighter skirmishes it appears, that on the 28th of July, the advanced guard of the camp of Maulde, composed of 600 men, was attacked by a detachment of 10,000 Austrians. The fire was well supported, and the enemy retreating, left about 200 killed, and many taken prisoners, of which latter the number was not known when the accounts came away. The affair took place above Verton, at a little distance from Willancourt; and the French would have pursued their victory further, but for the treachery of two officers of hussars, who deserted to the enemy.

"In one part of the field 60 French hussars fell in with a party of 300 hulans, of whom they killed thirty, and put the rest to flight, with the loss of only seven men. The Austrians lost a great part of their baggage in this affair.

"Near Maryille there has been a skirmish, which was less fortunate for the French. An hundred men, during an incursion into the enemy's country, were attacked by an entire regiment of Austrians, and only fifty-eight escaped.

"The circle of Franconia is said to have given the same answer as the court of Denmark to the solicitations of the allied courts. The directors have declared that they are not interested in the war against France.

"The last accounts from Lisbon state the situation of the queen of Portugal to be such, at present, as defies the skill and experience of doctor Willis.

"By letters just received from Isle de Los, on the coast of Africa, dated the latter end of April last, there is an account that two British ships, and one American vessel, were cut off by the natives of Cape Mount, at noon the same day, in sight of a great number of other vessels in the same road, then slaving there.

Aug. 11. "La Fayette is so much a favourite with his army, that no decree could displace him from his command. There can be little doubt but the Jacobins would be happy to see him dismissed. But the question is—dare they attempt it?

"General Burgoyne is said to have left five or six children, with their mother, wholly unprovided for. Out of respect to his memory, we are prompted to hope that the report is not true.

"No true Englishman surely can read of the present proceedings in France, without a desire, prompted by sentiment and humanity, to relieve the king and queen of that devoted country from the perils which surround them.

"The national assembly, while they complain of the desertions from their own army, are doing every thing in their power to entice their enemies to desert.—— There will be no time, however, for their decrees to take effect, as the duke of Brunswick will come upon them like a whirlwind.

"That the present system of anarchy and brutality in France, will soon be annihilated, there is every reason to expect; but what is called a counter-revolution will be effected, we neither wish nor believe. What we understand by a counter-revolution, is the re-establishment of the old government, which, we think, will never be attempted. A system will probably be formed, founded upon principles similar to those of the British constitution.

"M. Petion is doubtless to be considered as the Oliver Cromwell of France. He commands the army to march in the night, with cannon muffled, towards the palace; and when detected, he puts the most convenient construction upon it, which nobody dare dispute.

"The Marseillois, a banditti, from the southward, devoted to the Jacobins, have been moved by M. Petion nearer the royal palace—for what end may be easily guessed.

PITTSBURG, *September* 15.

On the 4th inst. the Indians wounded a man by the name of Carpenter, as he was riding near Grave Creek, in Ohio county, and took him prisoner. Finding he could not escape he got off his horse and let him run; and the Indians finding they could not catch the horse, gave the man some salt, and ordered him to go and catch the horse, the man accordingly went, but watching his opportunity made his escape, and got safe into the settlement.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 24.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at St. Pierre's, to his friend in this city, dated August 15.

"I have got perfectly tired of my situation in the army; and from what I can foresee, some day, and that not very distant, a separation will take place between England and this country. The islands have universally taken strong resolutions against government, similar to those of America."

Extract of a letter from Savannah, dated August 17.

"There is nothing new here, as in the political way. The Indians are at peace, though they will on no terms consent to the running of the lines agreeably to the treaty.

"We have several times been under apprehensions that they would do some mischief, but these apprehensions have in some measure subsided—the opinions as to the advantages of war are various; but all good men and the most reasonable among us desire peace with them. The Creeks who lie along our frontiers are very numerous and very powerful. I believe war with them would prove extremely perilous."

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 4.

On Tuesday the 18th ult. the rev. Dr. CLAGETT was consecrated bishop of this state, in New-York, by the right rev. Dr. SAMUEL PROVOOST.

Allen Quynn and Gabriel Duvall, Esquires, are elected delegates to represent this city in the ensuing general assembly.

To the CITIZENS of PRINCE-GEORGE'S and ANNE-ARUNDEL counties, and the city of ANNAPOLIS.

Gentlemen,

I FIND myself under the painful necessity of coming thus before you, to remove impressions attempted to be made to my prejudice, by a hand-bill just received, signed "William Campbell." When captain Campbell, at Prince George's county court, instead of substantiating his charges against colonel Mercer, found it expedient to go into a justification of his own conduct as agent for this state, and was compelled, by the marked disapprobation of the people, to withdraw his pretensions as a candidate for our district to congress, he pledged himself to bring forward his charges and proofs against colonel Mercer, *from the state*; he had before committed himself as a gentleman in Bladensburg, by promising to do the same thing, at least six weeks before the election, to give time for an answer. And now that the public mind has been so long big with expectation, a piece comes forth, at the eve of the election, not to arraign the public conduct of colonel Mercer in congress, or the state legislature, but to impeach his veracity on two points, in one of which captain Campbell has thought proper to bring forward a charge against mine. In the mutilated state of facts which this piece contains, a letter appears from Bushrod Washington, Esquire, in which he expresses his surprise, that I should have received "this information" from him. What information? Where is captain Campbell's letter to which this is an answer? And what does it state as coming from me on the information of Mr. Washington? The public are to judge why captain Campbell suppresses his own letter. But captain Campbell, in his eagerness to accuse colonel Mercer, forgets that it was first necessary to prove, that colonel Mercer *had not* that information through me, which he gave to Mulburn Harwood and Munroe; and I do affirm, that at the moment in which he published his hand-bill to the world, captain Campbell *knew* that colonel Mercer *had* his information through me, and he knew also that there was a mistake in the business, not made by colonel Mercer, who only mentioned what he had heard, nor by myself *but in part*, all which will fully appear by the subjoined affidavits. Hurried on, by motives which I need not conjecture, to injure colonel Mercer, captain Campbell has not hesitated to expose *my* reputation to the censure of the world, when he himself knew me innocent; but perhaps he thinks me too obscure for him to waste a moment's thought on. Elevated by the smiles of fortune, he casts not a look behind. Had captain Campbell (so tremblingly alive to "the honour and dignity of our illustrious president," which need not the puny aid of his attentions,) listened to the admonitions of candour in his own bosom, that part of his hand-bill which respects the president would have never seen the light. A public tavern talk, again repeated by me, not to influence the election, with no other mistake on my part than that of one nephew of the president for another, (because I know that one, being connected by marriage with the family of David Craufurd, Esquire, sometimes resides at Marlborough, where I had once the honour of being introduced to him by that gentleman,) with respect to the whole of which too captain Campbell likewise expressed himself perfectly satisfied so long ago as the sixth of September last ought one would naturally conclude to have been buried in oblivion long since—but it was considered, that if it could be kept back until the moment of the election, when it would probably be too late to explain it, and then proclaimed to the people partially, and with all the exaggerations in which the low retainers to party too frequently indulge themselves, it would have great weight among that class of people whom alone

generally affect to condemn as totally devoid of judgment or understanding. That the end would sanctify the means, however safe, hallowed been the language of tyrants and oppression, but I trust its influence is over, and that a candid and liberal people, when they find the conduct of any man vile and dishonourable, will not fail to brand him with that ignominy which he merits.

I am, Gentlemen,
With great respect,
Your obedient servant,

October 1, 1792. And fellow-citizen,
RICHARD SPRIGG, jun.

October 1st, 1792. THEN came before me the subscriber, SAMUEL HAMILTON, of Upper Marlborough, and made oath on the Holy Evangelist of Almighty God, that some time in the month of August William A. Washington, Esquire, of Virginia, was at the house of this deponent, and in conversation with him respecting the ensuing election said, among other things, that he always had the highest opinion of col. Mercer himself, and had heard Mr. Page, then a member from Virginia in congress, say, he was one of the cleverest men in congress from Maryland, that afterwards the deponent asked himself what the President thought of col. Mercer, he answered, he believed he thought well of him, and had never heard any thing to the contrary; that soon after the departure of Mr. W. A. Washington, this deponent mentioned these words in public; that at Prince-George's county court capt. Campbell called this deponent into a room and introduced the report of the President's opinion above alluded to, when this deponent immediately interrupted him and said, he himself could clear up that report which took place in the deponent's house, and then related what is above stated, when capt. Campbell said he was satisfied in believing what the deponent said, that he had written to a wrong man, Bushrod Washington, Esq; and being then interrupted by company coming in, the conversation stopt, and further this deponent saith not.

Sworn before,
JOHN SMITH BROOKES.

October 1, 1792. THEN came before me the subscriber, RICHARD SPRIGG, junior, and made oath on the Holy Evangelist of Almighty God, that he, being in the piazza of the tavern at Upper-Marlborough, some time in August he believes, heard it publicly said by a gentleman there, that the President thought Mr. John F. Mercer very much his friend, and one of the best members from Maryland, and that the President's nephew had said so at Marlborough—This deponent further saith, that he mentioned this conversation to one person only, to the best of his recollection; and being asked what nephew of the President's had said it, replied that it was probably Bushrod Washington, Esq; who this deponent knew at times in Marlborough with David Craufurd, Esq; That this deponent heard no more on this subject until the 4th day of September, when he was informed a letter had been written by some one to Bushrod Washington, Esquire, on the subject. This deponent then on an inquiry traced the report to Mr. Samuel Hamilton, of Upper Marlborough, who explained to this deponent what had been said, and by whom, to him. That capt. Campbell, on the 6th day of September, sat down at table, in Mr. Hamilton's tavern, with this deponent, and in the course of conversation told this deponent it was probable his (this deponent's) name would appear or be called in question, (he is not quite certain which) in the course of this business—the deponent asked him "on what occasion?" He replied on some report concerning the President. This deponent then interrupted him, and told him, he (this deponent) found there was some misapprehension in the business, but that the deponent could refer him to Mr. Hamilton, who could clear it all up—Upon which capt. Campbell immediately replied, "he had seen Mr. Hamilton on the subject," and satisfied. And further this deponent saith not.

Sworn before
JOHN SMITH BROOKES.

To the PRINTERS of the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Gentlemen,

IN the hand-bill issued from your press on Saturday last, by col. Mercer, I am referred to for testimony in two cases, without having been apprised that my name was to be used—I take no exception to the first appeal the Colonel makes to me, although the declaration of Messrs. Bowie and Clarke had made it unnecessary. But, lest I should be supposed to have in any manner encouraged the propagation of the idle report respecting the President, I think it proper to state the only circumstance that has authorised colonel Mercer to rest his justification upon me.

It is true, that dining some time ago with col. Mercer, I heard it stated by one of the company, that the president of the United States had used the favourable language respecting the Colonel, which he appears, by the certificate of Messrs. Harwood and Munroe, to have repeated; but being fully persuaded that the thing was not true, I then and several times since seriously advised him never to mention a word of it, until he had obtained incontestible proof of the fact—He seemed to approve of my caution, but has let the story out, and the consequence is such as I foresaw.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN KILTY.

Annapolis, October 2, 1792.

With Permission.

—*.*—

RAYNER TAYLOR,

MUSIC PROFESSOR, ORGANIST,
And Teacher of SINGING, HARPSICHORD, PIANO FORTE, &c.

Lately arrived from London,

WILL give a MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT on a new plan, in the ensuing week. He will be assisted by a young lady, (his pupil) a vocal performer. The performance will consist of several pieces on the piano forte by Mr. Taylor; an interlude, called "The Ambitious Countrymen," and a whimsical performance, in two parts, called "The Flights of Fancy," consisting of comic and pastoral songs, duets, &c.

N. B. Further particulars will be expressed in the bills, and due notice will be given of the night of performance.

Annapolis, October 3, 1792. 1 X 0 7/6

Taken by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed, and will be SOLD, on the PREMISES, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH only, on Wednesday the 17th of October next,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND, containing about 250 acres, the property of JOSEPH BARNES, lying and being in Kent county, and lying on the main road leading from Chester-town to George-town, and distant about one mile from Sims's tavern. The title will be made known on the day of sale. The sale to begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance will be given, by

1 0 0 7/6
PHILIP REED, Sheriff.

Chester-town, September 14, 1792.

Taken by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed, and will be SOLD, on the PREMISES, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH only, on Thursday the 18th of October next,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND, containing about 170 acres, the property of PERRIGRINE COOPER, lying and being in Kent county, and lying near the main road leading from Chester-town to George-town, and near the mills of John Wilson and the late col. Perkins. The title will be made known on the day of sale, which will begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance will be given, by

1 0 0 7/6
PHILIP REED, Sheriff

Chester-town, September 14, 1792.

Agreeably to an order of the orphan's court of Charles county, will be sold, at public sale, for ready money, on the first MONDAY in November next, in Port-Tobacco,

UPWARDS of SIXTY HOGSHEADS of new INSPECTED TOCACCO.

JOHN FORBES, Attorney for
1 Elizabeth Ridgate, Adm'rx.
Sept. 25, 1792. of Thomas How Ridgate.

Virginia, Richmond, Sept. 26, 1792.

I REQUEST of Mr. PARKER FOWLER, of Maryland, to inform me in what part of that state he resides, and what estate is in his hands belonging to his nephew, Joseph Fowler, whose mother married Peter Delain, and removed to this state, and brought him with them. Joseph Fowler died in the American army in 1777, and left me his widow and three children; they are now alive. In case of the death of Mr. Parker Fowler, I will be much obliged to his heirs, executors or administrators, or any other person who will be so kind to give me the above information as speedily as possible through this channel, and I will most cheerfully defray the cost.

1 0 0 ANNE FOWLER.

A Guinea Reward.

LOST, yesterday afternoon, from the ferry on the road of Baltimore to Annapolis, a French Gold WATCH, painted on the dial face *Nantz*, with a black ribband and small gold key. Whoever finds it, and will return it to Mrs. Brewer's, in Annapolis, or to the Printing-Office, shall receive the above reward.

w 3
Annapolis, October 3, 1792. 1 0 7/6

PLANS
OF THE
City of Washington,

To be had at the composing-house of Wallace & Muir,
At HALF A DOLLAR.

St. Mary's county, September 10, 1792.

WHEREAS a certain Elizabeth Jenifer purchased a tract of land, lying in St. Mary's county, called Papaw Fields, of the commissioners of confiscated property, and the subscriber afterwards intermarried with the said Elizabeth, and at her particular desire and consent he exchanged the aforesaid land with a certain Thomas Smoot, for which he gave his bond for the conveyance of the same, and before the matter was settled the said Elizabeth died, which put it out of his power to comply with his agreement;—This is therefore to give notice, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to authorise and empower him to convey the same agreeable to the tenor of his bond.

1 0 0 7/6 W. B. SMOOT.

By order of the Chancellor,

A PUBLIC SALE will commence on the Tuesday in October, at three o'clock afternoon, and will continue the following day, all is sold, of the property of STEPHEN CLARK, late book-seller, in the city of Annapolis, consisting of a quantity of books of numerous denominations, stationary of various kinds, many articles of [illegible], an elegant parcel of plated ware and jewelry, sundry household furniture, for the benefit of the creditors of the said Stephen Clark. The terms of the sale as follows, viz. purchasers to all sums not exceeding ten pounds to pay ready money, and to others to a greater amount to give bond with security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within six months from the time of sale. No goods to be delivered until bonded for or paid.

JOSEPH CLARK, Trustee.

All persons indebted to the said Stephen Clark are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

Annapolis, October 1, 1792. 1 X

Anne-Arundel county, Sept. [illegible]

THE partnership of EDWARD and [illegible] CAI HALL, being mutually dissolved, consequently necessity calls for a final close of the same that they may make good their engagements before immediate payment from those indebted to the firm is humbly requested—pray excuse.

E. H. and M. H.

1

Frederick-Town Gaol, Sept. 17, [illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to make application to the next assembly for an act of insolvency, to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

1 0 0 7/6 THOMAS SCHLEY.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 25, [illegible]

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway mulatto lad, about 20 years of age, by the name of TOM, who says he belongs to Daniel McCarty, Fairfax county, Virginia; he is five feet four inches and a half high; had on and with him the following articles of cloathing, viz. one blue cloth jacket, and ditto overalls, three oznabrig shirts, one pair ditto trousers, two oznabrig jackets, and one felt hat bound with linen. The owner is desired to take him away by the 8th day of November next, or he will be sold for his fees and other charges by

1 WILLIAM D. BEALL, Sheriff
Prince George's county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intend petitioning the general assembly of Maryland, at their next sitting, to pass a law to establish a will, purporting to be the last will and testament of THOMAS SEMMES, now a lunatic, but was in full possession of his reason at the time he executed the will, and for dividing the property, real and personal, as there stated, after making such provision for the said Thomas Semmes, as the wisdom of the legislature shall deem expedient.

James Semmes,
Joseph Milbourne Semmes,
Ignatius Semmes,
Aquilla Scott,
Anne Semmes,
Mary Semmes,
Catharine Semmes,
Elizabeth Semmes.

1 0 0 7/6

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons hunting, with gun, on my lands lying on Fishing creek, Chester creek, and on my dwelling plantation near Annapolis.

October 3d, 1792. 1 J. T. CH[illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to confirm his title to two tracts of land, in Anne-Arundel county, devised to him by his late father James Sanders.

1 ROBERT SAND[illegible]

THE subscriber being unable to discharge his debts intends to petition the general assembly at their next session, for an act of insolvency.

WILLIAM KEENE.

Dorchester county, September 12, 1792.

THE OFFICERS of the MARYLAND LINE who have disposed of their certificates at the depreciated value prior to the establishment of funds by the United States for their payment, are requested to call at Annapolis on the second TUESDAY in October next, at which time propositions will be laid before them from the officers of the Massachusetts and other lines of the late army of the United States.

*** The Printers of the different papers in the United States are requested to insert the above in their papers.

Allegany county, August 1, [illegible]

TAKEN up as a stray, by the subscriber, a MARE, about 14 hands high, [illegible] ten years old, a star and snip, natural pace, no perceivable brand. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

J X JOHN G[illegible]

Annapolis Races.

ON TUESDAY the 9th day of October, 1792, will be run for, over the course near this city, a JOCKEY CLUB PURSE, of FORTY GUINEAS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, being the property of a member of the Club; aged to carry 126 pounds, six years old to carry 120 pounds, five years old 110 pounds, four years old 98 pounds, and three years old 84 each. Heats four miles.

On WEDNESDAY the 10th of October, a JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of TWENTY GUINEAS, for three and four years old colts and fillies, to give weight pounds to fillies. The horse winning the first heat excluded running the second. Heats two miles.

On THURSDAY the 11th, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, the horses winning the Jockey Club Purse excepted; to carry weight agreeable to the rules of the Jockey Club. Heats four miles.

Every horse winning two clear heats, to be entitled to the purse. Three horses to start for the subscription purse, or no race. Entrance eight dollars.

The riders to be dressed in silk jackets, jockey caps and half boots.

The horses to be entered each day preceding the race with Mr. George Mann, and to start each day at 12 o'clock precisely. Proper judges will be appointed for the race.

3X

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland; at the session in November next, to liquidate and adjust his claim against the said state.

Mary Anne Elizabeth Prisley.

September 4, 1792. 3

NOTICE is hereby given, that a MINISTER of the PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH is living in the parish of St. MARGARET'S WEST-RIVER, w 6

CHARLES WATERS.

Anne-Arundel county, September 11, 1792.

John Hyde,

Cordwainer-Street, opposite Mr. GEORGE MANN'S new building,

WHERE he carries on the BOOT and SHOE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its various branches, in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the lowest terms; having procured himself a number of the best workmen, he is enabled to carry on business in the most extensive manner: and he does with pleasure, inform his friends and customers, that he can serve them upon the most advantageous terms, and on the shortest notice, as he is and will be constantly supplied with the very best materials, and is determined to carry on his business with the greatest punctuality and dispatch. Gentlemen wishing to purchase negro shoes, may be supplied on the shortest notice with any quantity of the best quality, and at the most reduced prices. He also carries on the

Tanning and Currying Business

in its various branches, in the neatest and best manner, where the best prices are given for raw and dried HIDES, and all orders for leather thankfully received and punctually executed. He returns his sincere and grateful thanks to his friends and customers for the great encouragement he has experienced in those two years since his commencement, and hopes, by an unremitting attention, to merit a continuance of their favours.

Annapolis, August 1, 1792. 9

Bacon's Laws

To be SOLD at the PRINTING OFFICE, ANNAPOLIS.

Where may be had, the late edition of the LAWS of MARYLAND. And also, a few copies of the supplement, since that publication. 3

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing between two and three hundred acres, in Prince-George's county, on the east side of the Eastern Branch, about seven miles from the federal city, and the same distance from Bladensburg; there is a good meadow on it, and a fine fishery. Application may be made to Mr. RICHARD POSEY, in Bladensburg, or to the subscriber in Piscataway. tf

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

October 23, 1791. 30

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway by the name of JOE, a stout well made negro man, who says his name is JEM, and that he is the property of RICHARD LEE, of Lancaster county. He is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a scar over his left eye, his cloathing white cloth jacket and breeches and a cotton shirt. The owner is desired to take him out of gaol, otherwise he will be discharged agreeable to law.

5X J. HAMERSLEY, Sheriff of St. Mary's county.

October 1, 1792.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For the purpose of disposing of valuable property in the district of COLUMBIA, consisting of three tracts of LAND about one mile from the city of WASHINGTON; and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of GEORGE-TOWN, as follows:

LOT No. 1, contains 107 acres, on it are 15 acres of meadow-ground, and a promising young apple orchard containing 275 bearing trees of choice fruit: At the western extremities thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river Patowmack and city of Washington. This lot contains about 10 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road, and is not more than one mile from the city of Washington.

LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood, and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the west by the meandering waters of the Piny-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 21 feet, and abounds with quarries of excellent building stone. On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.

LOT No. 3, contains 39 acres, and bounds with No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, and has on it a beautiful eminence for a house as a country seat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are at that end of the town which is contiguous to the city of Washington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situations.

4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. is £.7000

No. 1,	1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 20 per acre	2140	0 0
2,	1 do. of 84 do. do.	1680	0 0
3,	1 do. of 39 do. do.	780	0 0
1 to 14,	14 lots in George-town, at 65l. each,	910	0 0
	1 prize in cash,	100	0 0
	1 ditto,	50	0 0
	1 ditto,	40	0 0
	647 ditto, of 40s. each,	1294	0 0
		£.	7000

667 Prizes.
3333 Blanks.

MANAGERS.

Robert Peter, colonel William Deakins, Benjamin Stoddert, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlkeld, and Samuel Davidson, Esquires, George-Town. George Walker, Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Muir, and John Davidson, Esquires, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lots of land contiguous to the city of Washington, whose increase in value will keep pace with the growth of the rising empire of the United States of America—Hence, therefore, without any further definition, it will be evident that for the small sum of one Guinea a valuable and beautiful country seat may be obtained in the vicinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town now possessing an extensive commerce.

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery in George-Town, on the first Monday in May next, or sooner, if the tickets are all sold, which he flatters himself will be the case from his present prospects. Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the cash prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given of the drawing in the public papers, and a list of the fortunate numbers will be immediately published. The crop now on the lots is reserved to the subscriber. A plot of the lots may be seen at Mr. George Mann's.

☞ TICKETS may be had of Messrs. Wallace and Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. George Mann.

JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.

27

Notice.

AS the subscriber cannot possibly know the fate of a number of his LOTTERY TICKETS now in Europe, for sale, before the last of September, he is under the necessity of extending the time of drawing his lottery to some time in November next.

J. T. BOUCHER.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP under the firm of JOHN PETTY and CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons indebted to the said partnership for dealings at their Annapolis, Queen-Anne, Lower-Marlborough, and Port-Tobacco stores, are requested to make immediate payment to John Petty, in Annapolis, Henry Barnes, at Port-Tobacco, and Robert Moore, in Lower-Marlborough, who will settle all claims against the said stores.

JOHN PETTY,
RICHARD YATES,
for self and
JOSEPH YATES.

5

*** Mr. Henry Barnes, at Port-Tobacco, and Mr. Robert Moore, at Lower-Marlborough, will continue to sell the goods at the said stores on the most reduced prices, for cash or country produce. 6w

Annapolis, August 27, 1792.

SCHEME OF WILLIAM ALLEIN'S LAND, &c.

LOTTERY.

No. 1,	1 Prize of 529 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city,		793	10 0
2,	1 ditto of 426 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the water, about three miles from Lower-Marlborough,		320	0 0
3,	1 ditto of 266 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood,		200	0 0
4,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 3, ditto,		100	0 0
5,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 4, ditto,		100	0 0
6,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 5, ditto,		100	0 0
7,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 6, ditto,		100	0 0
	2 ditto of 100 dollars each,		37	10 0
	21 ditto of 3 ditto each ditto,		63	0 0
	145 ditto of 3 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4l. per pound, in bottles,		435	0 0
	First drawn blank,		1	0 0
173 Prizes.		£.	2250	0 0
577 Blanks.				
750 Tickets, at £. 3 each,		£.	2250	0 0

MANAGERS,

John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, George-town; James Bolt, Queen-Anne; John Brome, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie, Nottingham; Truman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Bendall; James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Graham, Peter Emmerson, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hantt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the cartage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warrantees, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market prices, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792. 21

Sixteen Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending the three following NEGROES, who broke gaol on the night of the 6th instant, to wit: Negro HERCULES, who was condemned to work at the wheel-barrow for four years; he is about six feet high, has thick lips, a bold look, likely and well made, about thirty years of age; had on when he broke gaol an osnabrig shirt and negro cotton breeches, neither stockings nor shoes.——Negro CHARLES, committed as a runaway, who says he belongs to THOMAS ADAIR, of Calvert county, a well made likely negro man, exactly five feet six inches and an half high; had on when he broke gaol an osnabrig jacket with sleeves, one ditto shirt, striped linen trousers, and a red linen handkerchief, which he wears on his head.——Negro WILL, a lad about fourteen or fifteen years old, committed as a runaway, who says he belongs to Mrs. CHADMAN, of Charles county; he is about five feet high; had on when he broke gaol a very dirty osnabrig shirt and trousers. The above reward will be given for the three, or TEN DOLLARS for HERCULES, if he is brought to this place, or confined in any gaol in the state, and THREE DOLLARS each for CHARLES and WILL, if brought to this place.

3X WILLIAM D. BEALL, Sheriff of Prince George's county.

Upper Marlborough, September 7, 1792.

Wanted,

A HEALTHY active NEGRO WOMAN, who has been accustomed to be employed as a lawn-dress, and can be well recommended; for whom a good price may be had on application to

J. MURRAY.

Annapolis, July 25, 1792. tf

NOTICE.

I shall expose to SALE, on Monday the 29th day of October next, if fair, if not on the first fair day, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Mr. Towson's Tavern, in Baltimore county, about six miles from Baltimore-town, the following property, to wit:

LOT No. 1, containing by survey 189 acres of land, formerly the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, purchased by Mr. George Fitzhugh, and from which purchase he has been lately released by the Governor and Council, under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year 1792, and for other purposes.

LOTS No. 3, 4, 11, 12, 14, 5, 3, and half of one other LOT, No. 3, the whole containing by survey, 685¼ acres of land; formerly the property of Daniel Dulany, of Walter, purchased by doctor Horatio Belt, and released therefrom as above.

One hundred and seventy-five acres of land, in Baltimore county, called *Jones's Park*, formerly the property of the Principio Company, purchased by James Hughes, and released therefrom as above.

LOT No. 2, containing 270 acres of land; formerly the property of Hyde's heirs, purchased by Nicholas Britton, and released therefrom as above.

One LOT of LAND, containing 330 acres, formerly the property of the Nottingham Company; purchased by Daniel Bowly, Esquire, and released therefrom.

LOT No. 8, containing 135 acres of land, formerly the property of the Principio Company; purchased by Richard Coales, and released therefrom as above.

LOTS No. 19 and 28, in *My Lady's Manor*; purchased by James Smith and James M'Fadon, containing 127 acres of land, and released as above.

And on TUESDAY the 16th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at *Mr. Daniel Grant's* in Baltimore-town, I shall expose to SALE, The WHARF and WAREHOUSES on Fell's Point, formerly the property of the Messrs. Christie; purchased by Charles Wells and Aquila Johns, and released from the said purchase: Also sundry LOTS in Baltimore-town, and on Whetstone Point.

And on SATURDAY the 20th of October next, at *Mr. George Mann's*, in the city of Annapolis, two HOUSES and LOTS in the said city, one on Corn-hill-street, the other adjoining the Ball Room, formerly the Revenue-office.

And on SATURDAY the 27th day of October next, at *Mrs. Kimball's* Tavern, in Frederick-town, at 12 o'clock, I shall expose to SALE, the following property, to wit:

LOTS No. 55 and 64, containing about 200 acres of land, in the *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by major John Davidson, and released therefrom by a decree in Chancery.

LOT No. 41, containing 133¼ acres of land, in *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by major Alexander Trueman, and released from his purchase, by the Governor and Council.

One third part of LOT No. 59, containing 157 acres of land, in *Manocacy Manor*, purchased by William Pendergrass, and released therefrom by the Governor and Council. Also sundry other LOTS in, and near Frederick town.

The whole of the above property will be sold on a credit of four years from the first day of December next; one fourth payable annually in the following manner, viz. Two thirds of the principal in specie, or depreciation or other liquidated state certificates, or in stock created under the act of congress, bearing an immediate interest of six per cent. and the remaining one third in specie, or in stock created under the said act, bearing an interest of six per cent. after the year eighteen hundred, and the interest on the whole, in specie only, on the first day of December, annually. Bonds, with approved security, will be required of the purchasers.

RANDOLPH R. LATIMER, Agent, for the State of Maryland.

September 19th, 1792. 2

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC or PRIVATE SALE, at the dwelling plantation of Mr. THOMAS LANE, November 23, 1792, if fair, if not on the first fair day,

A PARCEL of valuable NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, and a fellow that is a house carpenter, and can work at the blacksmith's trade.

On the twenty-fifth, there will be SOLD, at the late dwelling plantation of Mrs. Mary Brooke, deceased, a parcel of good household furniture, and many other things. All persons that have any claims against her estate, are desired to bring them in that day. The terms of the sale, will be known on that day. 2

Caroline county, September 3, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, to obtain an act to confirm his title to a tract of land, lying and being in Talbot county, called The ADDITION, which is claimed by him in virtue of a contract for the sale thereof by JAMES DICKINSON, deceased, the attorney in fact of the late ANTHONY KICHARDSON, a British subject, to the father of the late Augustus Mann.

4 PETER EDMONDSON.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, from the general court, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on SATURDAY the fifth day of October next, on the premises for ready money,

A TRACT of LAND in Prince-George's county, called Stoney Fields, containing two hundred acres, late the property of Joseph Selby, now in possession of Rinaldo Johnson, tenant of said Joseph Selby. Taken at the suit of John Clapham and William Eddis, for the use of Samuel Lane. The sale to commence at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

WILLIAM D. BEALL, sheriff of Prince-George's county.

September 12th, 1792. 2

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, in Upper Marlborough, on Thursday the eighth day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day,

TWENTY valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN, among them are a valuable blacksmith, a young woman who is a good cook, and the others, which are grown, are good plantation labourers. This property will be sold on a credit of two and three years, the purchasers to give bonds with approved security, the interest to be paid annually.

3 HANNAH WEST, Executrix of STEPHEN WEST, deceased.

Woodyard, August 28, 1792.

THE property of Thomas H. Egan, Esquire, advertised for sale on the first of October, is postponed on account of the election being held on that day, to some future time of which due notice will be given in the paper.

3X PETER EMERSON.

Cambridge, September 10, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly, at the next session, to make the road leading from EASTON to ARRAS's FERRY a public road down to the water, and to condemn a piece of land at the said ferry for the purpose of a ferry house. 4

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that she intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly at their next session, praying that an act may pass, to authorise her to sell and dispose of, in behalf of her children, the land on which she now lives, which land was devised to her said children, by her late deceased husband, John Wallace.

JUDITH WALLACE.

Charles county, September 15th, 1792. 2

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly, at their next session, for an act to release him from debts, which he is unable to pay.

WILLIAM STEPHEN COMPTON.

Washington county, September 25, 1792. 2

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to make application to the next session of assembly for an act of insolvency to release him from debts which he is unable to pay. 5 JOSEPH WOOD.

Maryland, Frederick county, Frederick-Town Gaol, Aug. 29, 1792.

Anne Arundel county, September 16, 1792.

THE subscriber having conveyed all his property to trustees, for the benefit of his creditors, and still finding that there is reason to apprehend that the whole will be insufficient to pay all claims against him, is constrained to give this public notice to his creditors, that he intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly, at their next session, for an act of insolvency in his favour.

3 W. WORTHINGTON.

NOTICE,

THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland to release me from my embarrassments, being unable to pay my just debts. 5 GIDEON CLARK.

George-Town, Kent county, Aug. 26, 1792.

I DO hereby, in obedience to the directions of the court, give notice, that a representation of the ruinous situation of the public gaol of Kent county will be laid before the next general assembly, to the end, that a law may be passed, should the same be thought necessary, for erecting a new one at the expence of said county. By order of the court,

BEN. CHAMBERS, clk.

Kent county, July 29, 1792. 3

To be HIRED,

An excellent Woman Cook,

SHE is honest and industrious, and well qualified, from constant and considerable employment in her line of business, to manage the affairs of a kitchen.—She has one female child, who must be taken with her. Inquire of THE PRINTERS.

September 6, 1792. 4

THE subscriber intends applying to the next general assembly of this state, to be released from his confinement in gaol.

GEORGE ROBERTS

Somerset county, Maryland, September 16th, 1792. 2

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general assembly of this state, to confirm unto me part of a tract of land, late the property of [illegible] MARGARET SMITH, which was conveyed to JAMES SCOTT, lying in this county, and a tract of land called NEW MOUNTAIN.

JAMES COCHR

Cecil county, State of Maryland, September 7, 1792. 4

Maryland, Frederick county, Frederick-[illegible] August 29, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to make application to the next session of assembly for an act of insolvency to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

4 GEORGE ADA

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

WILL. LE

Charles county, July 29, 1792. 9X

THE Vestry of St. Paul's Parish, Prince-[illegible] county, Maryland, intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to sell the glebe belonging to said parish, to repair the parish church and to other purposes for the benefit of said parish.

Signed by order,

JESSE HELLEN, Reg[illegible]

August 8th, 1792. 6X

I INTEND to prefer a petition to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to reinstate me for the real property of James [illegible] which was confiscated and sold.

JOHN ROBERTSO

August 28, 1792. 5

To the Public.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the general assembly of Maryland, at its next session, for an act to appropriate the school land of Anne Arundel county to the purpose of teaching reading, writing and arithmetic, to such orphans, and other children of the said county, whose nearest relations are incapable of affording them the benefit of such an education.

It is proposed, that the said land be sold; that the money arising from the sale be added to the money already raised by voluntary contribution, and by the late orphan school lottery, and that the whole be vested in trustees for carrying into effect the benevolent design, for which the said lottery was instituted. See No. 2512 of the Maryland Gazette, published on the 5. 1791.

Annapolis, July 9, 1792. 6

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT we intend to apply to the next session of assembly, for an act to confirm the title to part of two tracts or parcels of land lying in [illegible] Anne's county, called St. MARTIN'S and BRAN containing in the whole 152½ acres of land, which was heretofore sold by a certain Walter Meeds [illegible] fin Fontleroy, and by him sold to James Jon deceased.

EBKAR THOMPSON, administrator of GRIFFIN FONTLEROY.

ISABEL JONES, widow of Jam JAMES WOOTERS and REBE his wife, and JAMES JONES, representatives of the said JAMES Jo deceased. 7

Calvert county, September 10, 1[illegible]

THE subscriber being unable to pay his debts, gives notice, that he intends petitioning the general assembly of this state, at their next session, to pass an act of insolvency in his favour.

4 GAVIN HAMILTON SMI

Charles county, September 4, 17[illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to discharge him from debts which he is unable to pay.

4 EDWARD W. BOSW

ON the second Wednesday in November next election will be held, in the city of Annapolis, for two electors, for the purpose of choosing a president and vice-president of the United States.

3 WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAM GREEN.

XVIIIth Year.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1792.

BRUSSELS, *July* 18.

SINCE the French army repaſſed their old encompaſſment, and have demoliſhed their formidable plan of defence, nothing of a very important nature has paſſed between our troops and theirs. Frequent ſkirmiſhes are all that which every day become more bloody from raiſing animoſity of both parties. On the 8th, body of Uhlans, in purſuing ſome French patrols Quievrain, were attacked by a ſquadron of The engagement was deſperate and bloody. Auſtrians were obliged to retire, with a very able loſs, beſides loſing a number of priſoners. of the French was likewiſe conſiderable.

. The *French* have at length ſo far ſtudied true intereſts as to relinquiſh their plans in fa- guarding of their own country, and acting of horſes to whoever attacks them. This inally marſhal Rochambeau's ſyſtem; and it ave been better for the French if they had adit, and not raſhly declared war againſt the Auſtria.

. The evacuation of Bavay, and raiſing the Malplaquet, were not effected without a re- action, which took place in the night. The had two captains of grenadiers, a Hungarian two firſt lieutenants, in all 115 officers killed. t 1ſt at night, 52 waggons came into this ded with ſick and wounded men; 20 more are expected this day. The French have fo- the whole province of Luxembourg, and all communication between the fortreſs of that d the Pais Bas. They have ſeized a quantity ſion and ammunition which they found in the St. Hubert, at Bailogne, and at Allons.

HAGUE, *July* 26.

n of accommodation, relative to the affairs of which is now on foot, and which appears to ſtled principally by the court of England, pended, for the preſent, the deciſion of the neral, on the part to be taken by Holland in cert of powers.—Some hopes are entertained h an arrangement may be brought about, by nt plan, as will ſatisfy all parties.

ecret object of the miſſion of Meſſieurs Chaand Perigord is principally to forward this conplan, which is to be ſubmitted to the conſi- of the emigrant princes at Coblentz, by Mr. n (ſon of lord Mawkſbury), who has undere journey for this particular object.

his plan the baſis of the preſent French conwill be preſerved, excepting as much as goes ntire ſuppreſſion of titles of nobility, who, it ſay, will have an eſtabliſhment, by means of chamber, or of hereditary peers, as in Eng- By this means tranquillity is expected to be in France; for the emigrant princes will be hout further aid or aſſiſtance if they reject the ons, or inſiſt on a reſtoration of excluſive pri- to the full extent enjoyed by them before the ; and the court of France, and many of ng people, have, it is believed, agreed to the s to the violent republicans, ſome of their re expected to be brought over to the meaſure g a bone thrown to them to pick.

ven ſaid that the Engliſh government, on preſe overtures, will declare itſelf againſt thoſe reject the conciliatory propoſitions a circumhich cannot fail to have great weight with the tereſted.

PARIS, *July* 16.

ſt the many other inſulting and indecent ies to the king, the community have demanded day of the celebration of the birth of Louis I. ſhould be ſet aſide, and no longer be obe a feſtival.—The aſſembly have decreed, that 's edict on that ſubject ſhould be annulled.

he paſſions of men begin to ſubſide, we are to collect more accurately the particulars of ſuſpenſion. To procure arms the populace broke s of the arſenal, and ſeveral of the houſe the Thuilleries were ſet on fire.—The and part of the furniture in the palace, were de but thoſe who attempted to carry away any ſecurely, were puniſhed with inſtant death. of the citizens, by way of triumph, carried ſeveral ſtages of the ſtreets on the points of their Amidſt theſe ſcenes of horror, the woman ſex ſhone in their uſual brilliancy of character. ſe of them acted boldly among the moſt ds eight o'clock the gates of the Louvre, the apt night, and the ſight of many dead bodies, arly thoſe of the Swiſs ſtripped quite naked, cuſtomary, a ſhocking ſwift and horrid inſtant deſtruction.—The mob in their fury ſeemed determined to deſtroy every veſtige of royalty; the ſtatues of all the kings were overthrown; not even excepted that of the great prince Henry IV. At the throwing down that of Louis XV. ſeveral people were killed, and others very much hurt. Every ſignboard, which had the king's head, was deſtroyed; and the ſection of Marſeilles have reſolved to petition the aſſembly, that the words, "The king," on the buttons of the national guards, be eraſed, to give place to thoſe of "Liberty! Equality!"—During the general confuſion, M. Petion's father, a venerable old man, was carried about in triumph by the citizens, who congratulated him on having given birth to him whom they ſtyled *their real friend*.—The citizens killed at the caſtle, have been interred with military honours.—Paris was illuminated laſt night, and every thing remains quiet at preſent.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 10.

The French national aſſembly, by the lateſt accounts, appear to be much leſs favourably diſpoſed towards the petition of M. Petion, for the diſpoſition of the king, than was at firſt imagined. Many of thoſe who till lately have been moſt violent Jacobins, declaim againſt this petition, as unconſtitutional and deteſtable.

Criminal juſtice is now conducted in Paris, pretty nearly on the ſame plan as in London. The fourth ſeſſion of their criminal tribunal ended on July 29. in which ſix priſoners were condemned to capital puniſhment, thirty-two to impriſonment for different periods, and thirty-three acquitted.

Among the curioſities going to China with the ſplendid embaſſy, is a ſilver ſwan, ſo light in its conſtruction, and chaſed in ſuch a manner, as to appear at a very ſmall diſtance perfectly natural. The head and the wings alſo ſeem to have a natural motion.

Extract of a letter, dated Coblentz, July 18.

"From Frankfort we have juſt received advices, ſtating, that a plot of the deepeſt dye had been laid to aſſaſſinate the new ſovereign, and to re-act the dreadful tragedy lately performed at Stockholm.

"So ſecretly were the various machinations carried on, that the dreadful plot was upon the point of being put into execution, when one of the conſpirators, ſtruck with remorſe and horror at the bloody deed, ſuddenly repaired to a magiſtrate, and revealed the treaſon, pleaded his contrition, and ſurrendered all that could be apprehended of his accompliceſs; reſiding, at the ſame time, who were the principals, and who the agents were for accompliſhing the tremendous villainy.

"On taking theſe depoſitions, the magiſtrate immediately repaired to the duke of Brunſwick, who, in conjunction with the elector, iſſued orders for arreſting comte de Wittgenſtein, commander of a regiment in the ſervice of the French princes, and couſin of the Pruſſian general of that name; likewiſe Meſſieurs Lequin, La Ceſſe, De Planoles, and Mr. Vinezac, a major of the national guard at Paris, reſident near Coblentz."

It was yeſterday circulated, with an air of authority, that the duke of Brunſwick marched on the 4th inſtant. It was alſo reported, on what ground we know not, that it was not yet determined whether or not he would march at all. Were there any thing like union and co-operation between the king and the national aſſembly, general Dillon's account of the Auſtrian troops on the Flanders frontier, would render the latter report highly probable.

The recent miſunderſtanding between Ruſſia and the Porte has not ariſen from the intrigues either of the French or Poles, but from a difference reſpecting the appointment of an archbiſhop of Jaffy. The Hoſpodar refuſed to ratify the choice of the Ruſſians, after the departure of their army; a courier has been diſpatched to Conſtantinople to take the ſenſe of the Divan on the ſubject, and in the mean time all the ecclaſiaſtics, throughout the province of Moldavia, are ſuſpended.

Spain appears firm in her neutrality with reſpect to French affairs. As a proof of this, part of the line of troops formed towards the Pyrenees is withdrawn. One obvious reaſon for this moderation is the derangement of the finances; no miniſter having yet been found capable of bringing the receipt and expenditure to a level, and the uſual temporary expedients for ſupplying the neceſſities or the extravagance of government having been ſtretched without meaſure.

Whatever may be the proſpect of the combination againſt France, it is not to be imagined, at leaſt not on any principle of ſound policy, that an attempt will be made to revive the old ſyſtem of government, which, under Louis XIV. threatened the liberties of all Europe.—The Pruſſians poſſeſs play a principal part in the drama; and it is not to be ſuppoſed that they wiſh to reſtore a ſyſtem which would naturally reſent and puniſh the ſtate which the Proteſtants certainly had in effecting the reſolution. The ſubjects of all the combined powers have a great ſtake in the French funds, and conſequently it is much againſt their intereſt to do any thing that may lead to a bankruptcy.

An *Iriſh* officer in *India*, writing to a friend, and praiſing the gallantry of lord Cornwallis, mentions, that in the laſt action with Tippoo he received two wounds—one in the hand and another in the *rear*.

Aug. 12. By the official diſpatches received yeſterday from the Britiſh miniſter, at the court of Liſbon, we learn, that the Portugueſe have joined the league againſt France.

The ſame accounts mention, that every hope of the queen's convaleſcence was at an end; and that a place was preparing for her reception, where ſhe is to be confined for life.

Major Lambro, the Ruſſian pirate in the Mediterranean, has ſent a manifeſto from the Archipelago to the ſeveral ambaſſadors at Conſtantinople, complaining of the Ruſſian general's having made peace with the Turks, without rewarding him for his ſervices. He ſwears to continue hoſtilities againſt the Turks, but to reſpect all other European powers.

SUSPENSION of LOUIS XVI.

By an expreſs received in town yeſterday evening from Paris, we learn, that on Thurſday the motion for the ſuſpenſion of the king was diſcuſſed, and there appeared againſt the unhappy Louis a great majority.—It was then propoſed, that he ſhould be proſecuted as a traitor to the ſtate. A long and warm debate, or rather contention, enſued; after which, it was determined, that this propoſition, with the motion for his ſuſpenſion, ſhould be referred until the following day, for final deciſion, when it was expected he would be formally ſuſpended, and the exerciſe of the executive power inveſted in the hands of commiſſioners.

This may be conſidered as a prelude to greater enormities.—The royal family, ſtripped of their guards, muſt fall an eaſy ſacrifice to the curſed fury of the Jacobins—and France, to atone the mighty guilt, deluged in blood.

Lord Hood's fleet is ordered into port—it is conjectured the appearance of this ſquadron in the Channel had occaſioned jealouſies both at the courts of Paris and Peterſburgh, for whoſe ſatisfaction its diſmantlement is determined.

It was currently reported on Friday in the city, that the would-be regicide Petion had been ſeized by a number of indignant citizens and hanged at a lamp-iron; but we are ſorry to find, upon inquiry, that his execution is deferred until the duke of Brunſwick's arrival. The report added, that the Jacobin traitors were diſperſing, and this we have the happineſs to announce, is actually the caſe.

Petion, and the Jacobins at his call, begin to tremble at the conſequences of royal profanation, and the laſt ſanguinary exceſſes of the Pruſſian aſſaſſin, were merely the effects of deſpair. The ſeditious recreant and regicide, dare not remain in Paris an hour after the approach of the Imperial and royal armies.

Aug. 14. A letter received from Dover this morning mentions, that ſince Saturday laſt upwards of 200 perſons have landed there from France, and that every packet brings a great number of perſons, all giving moſt melancholy accounts of the ſituation in which they left their unfortunate country.

Aug. 18. The duke of Dorſet, accompanied by a French eccleſiaſtic of diſtinction, who reſided at Neroe's hotel on Sunday laſt, had yeſterday a long conference with the miniſter, at his houſe in Downing-ſtreet, reſpecting the ſituation of affairs in France, ſince paſſing the decree of the national aſſembly for ſuſpending the king.—Mr. Pitt's advice hitherto, has been to remain a ſpectator only of the French diſputes, and in this, no doubt, he has met the concurrence of the ſovereign and the nation; but ſince the dethronement of the king has taken place, a change of meaſures, it is probable, will, ſooner or later, be the conſequence.

At Boulogne, a man has been ſeized with a letter upon him, ſaid to be written by the king of the French to the Auſtrian army. This, it is ſaid, will ſeal the deſtruction of the ſovereign in the greateſt temper of the people.

By letters from Coblentz we learn, with every appearance of truth, that the duke of Brunſwick had fixed on the 16th, (Thurſday laſt) for the march, on which day he was to begin the campaign, by making moves in three columns, and hitherto with a deſire hard to gueſs with all poſſible expedition for Paris.

NOTICE,

I shall expose to SALE, on MONDAY the 15th day of October next, if fair, if not on the first fair day, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Mr. Towson's Tavern, in Baltimore county, about six miles from Baltimore-town, the following property, to wit:

LOT No. 1, containing by survey 189 acres of land; formerly the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, purchased by Mr. George Fitzhugh, and from which purchase he has been lately released by the Governor and Council, under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year 1792, and for other purposes.

LOTS No. 3, 4, 1, 12, 1, 2, 3, and half of one other LOT, No. 3, the whole containing by survey, 683¾ acres of land; formerly the property of Daniel Dulany, of Walter, purchased by doctor Horatio Belt, and released therefrom as above.

One hundred and seventy-five acres of land, in Baltimore county, called *James's Park*, formerly the property of the Principio Company, purchased by James Hughes, and released therefrom as above.

LOT No. 2, containing 270 acres of land; formerly the property of Hyde's heirs, purchased by Nicholas Britton, and released therefrom as above.

One LOT of LAND, containing 330 acres, formerly the property of the Nottingham Company; purchased by Daniel Bowly, Esquire, and released therefrom.

LOT No. 8, containing 125 acres of land, formerly the property of the Principio Company; purchased by Richard Coale, and released therefrom as above.

LOTS No. 19 and 28, in *My Lady's Manor*; purchased by James Smith and James M'Fadon, containing 127 acres of land, and released as above.

And on TUESDAY the 16th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at *Mr. Daniel Grant's* in Baltimore-town, I shall expose to SALE, The WHARF and WAREHOUSES on Fell's Point, formerly the property of the Messrs. Christie; purchased by Charles Wells and Aquila Johns, and released from the said purchase: Also sundry LOTS in Baltimore-town, and on Whetstone Point.

And on SATURDAY the 20th of October next, at *Mr. George Mann's*, in the city of Annapolis, two HOUSES and LOTS in the said city, one on Cornhill-street, the other adjoining the Ball Room, formerly the Revenue-office.

And on SATURDAY the 27th day of October next, at *Mrs. Kemboll's* Tavern, in Frederick-town, at 12 o'clock, I shall expose to SALE, the following property, to wit:

LOTS No. 55 and 64, containing about 200 acres of land, in the *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by major John Davidson, and released therefrom by a decree in Chancery.

LOT No. 41, containing 133¾ acres of land, in *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by major Alexander Trueman, and released from his purchase, by the Governor and Council.

One third part of LOT No 59, containing 157 acres of land, in *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by William Pendergast, and released therefrom by the Governor and Council. Also sundry other LOTS in, and near Frederick town.

The whole of the above property will be sold on a credit of four years from the first day of December next; one fourth payable annually in the following manner, viz. Two thirds of the principal in specie, or depreciation or other liquidated state certificates, or in stock created under the act of congress, bearing an immediate interest of six per cent. and the remaining one third in specie, or in stock created under the said act, bearing an interest of six per cent. after the year eighteen hundred, and the interest on the whole, in specie only, on the first day of December, annually. Bonds, with approved security, will be required of the purchasers.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent,
for the State of Maryland.
September 19th, 1792. 2

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC or PRIVATE SALE, at the dwelling plantation of Mr. THOMAS LANE, November 23, 1792, if fair, if not on the first fair day,

A PARCEL of valuable NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, and a fellow that is a house carpenter, and can work at the blacksmith's trade.

On the twenty-sixth, there will be SOLD, at the late dwelling plantation of Mrs. Mary Brooke, deceased, a parcel of good household furniture, and many other things. All persons that have any claims, against her estate, are desired to bring them in that day. The terms of the sale, will be known on that day. 2

Caroline county, September 3, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, to obtain an act to confirm his title to a tract of land, lying and being in Talbot county, called The ADDITION, which is claimed by him in virtue of a contract for the sale thereof by JAMES DICKINSON, deceased, the attorney in fact of the late ANTHONY RICHARDSON, a British subject, to the father of the late ANDREW MAIN.

4 PETER EDMONDSON.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, from the general court, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on SATURDAY the fifth day of October next, on the premises for ready money,

A TRACT of LAND in Prince-George's county, called Stoney Fields, containing two hundred acres, late the property of Joseph Selby, now in possession of Rinaldo Johnson, tenant of said Joseph Selby. Taken at the suit of John Clapham and William Eddis, for the use of Samuel Lane. The sale to commence at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

WILLIAM D. BEALL, sheriff of
Prince-George's county.
September 12th, 1792. 2

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, in Upper Marlborough, on Thursday the eighth day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day,

TWENTY valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN, among them are a valuable blacksmith, a young woman who is a good cook, and the others, which are grown, are good plantation labourers. This property will be sold on a credit of two and three years, the purchasers to give bonds with approved security, the interest to be paid annually.

3 HANNAH WEST, Executrix of
STEPHEN WEST, deceased.
Woodyard, August 28, 1792.

THE property of Thomas H. Egan, Esquire, advertised for sale on the first of October, is postponed on account of the election being held on that day, to some future time of which due notice will be given in the paper.

3X PETER EMERSON.

Cambridge, September 10, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly, at the next session, to make the road leading from EASTON to AKERS's FERRY a public road down to the water, and to condemn a piece of land at the said ferry for the purpose of a ferry house. 4

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that she intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly at their next session, praying that an act may pass, to authorise her to sell and dispose of, in behalf of her children, the land on which she now lives, which land was devised to her said children, by her late deceased husband, John Wallace.

JUDITH WALLACE.
Charles county, September 15th, 1792. 2

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly, at their next session, for an act to release him from debts, which he is unable to pay.

WILLIAM STEPHEN COMPTON.
Washington county, September 25, 1792. 2

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to make application to the next session of assembly for an act of insolvency to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

5 JOSEPH WOOD.
Maryland, Frederick county, Frederick-Town Gaol, Aug. 29, 1792.

Anne Arundel county, September 16, 1792.

THE subscriber having conveyed all his property to trustees, for the benefit of his creditors, and still finding that there is reason to apprehend that the whole will be insufficient to pay all claims against him, is constrained to give this public notice to his creditors, that he intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly, at their next session, for an act of insolvency in his favour.

3 W. WORTHINGTON.

NOTICE,

THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland to release me from my embarrassments, being unable to pay my just debts.

5 GIDEON CLARK.
George-Town, Kent county, Aug. 26, 1792.

I DO hereby, in obedience to the directions of the court, give notice, that a representation of the ruinous situation of the public gaol of Kent county will be laid before the next general assembly, to the end, that a law may be passed, should the same be thought necessary, for erecting a new one at the expence of said county. By order of the court,

BEN. CHAMBERS, clk.
Kent county, July 29, 1792. 3

To be HIRED,
An excellent Woman Cook,

SHE is honest and industrious, and well qualified, from constant and considerable employment in her line of business, to manage the affairs of a kitchen — She has one female child, who must be taken with her. Inquire of THE PRINTERS.
September 6, 1792. 4

THE subscriber intends petitioning the next general assembly of this state, to be released from his confinement in gaol.

GEORGE ROBERTSON.
Somerset county, Maryland,
September 16th, 1792. 2

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general assembly of this state, to confirm my right to part of a tract of land, late the property of JOHN MARGARET SMITH, which was conveyed to JAMES SCOTT, lying in this county, and is part of tract of land called NEW MONSTER.

JAMES COCHRAN
Cæcil county, State of Maryland,
September 7, 1792. 4

Maryland, Frederick county, Frederick-town, August 29, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to make application to the next legislative assembly for an act of insolvency to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

4 GEORGE ADAM

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

WILL. LEE
Charles county, July 29, 1792. 6X

THE Vestry of St. Paul's Parish, Prince-George county, Maryland, intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to sell the glebe-land of said parish, to repair the parish church and other purposes for the benefit of said parish.

Signed by order,
JESSE HELLEN, Reg.
August 8th, 1792. 6X

I INTEND to prefer a petition to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to compensate me for the real property of James Jett which was confiscated and sold.

JOHN ROBERTSON
August 28, 1792. 5

To the Public.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the general assembly of Maryland at its next session, for an act to appropriate the school land of Anne Arundel county to the purpose of teaching reading, writing and arithmetic, to the orphans, and other children of the said county, whose nearest relations are incapable of affording them the benefit of such an education.

It is proposed, that the said land be sold; the money arising from the sale be added to the money already raised by voluntary contribution, and by the late orphan school lottery, and that the whole be vested in trustees for carrying into effect the benevolent design, for which the said lottery was instituted. See No. 2312 of the Maryland Gazette, published August 5, 1791.

Annapolis, July 9, 1792. 6

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT we intend to apply to the next session of assembly, for an act to confirm the title to the whole of part of two tracts or parcels of land lying in Queen-Anne's county, called St. MARTIN'S and BRAD[illegible] containing in the whole 152¾ acres of land, which was heretofore sold by a certain Walter Meeds to Griffin Fontleroy, and by him sold to James Jones deceased.

DEKAR THOMPSON, administrator
of GRIFFIN FONTLEROY.
ISABEL JONES, widow of James
JAMES WOOTERS and REBECCA his wife, and JAMES JONES, representatives of the said JAMES JONES deceased.

7

Calvert county, September 10, 1792.

THE subscriber being unable to pay his debts gives notice, that he intends petitioning the general assembly of this state, at their next meeting to pass an act of insolvency in his favour.

4 GAVIN HAMILTON SMITH

Charles county, September 4, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to discharge him from debts which he is unable to pay.

4 EDWARD W. BOSWELL

ON the second Wednesday in November next an election will be held, in the city of Annapolis, for ten electors for the purpose of choosing a president and vice-president of the United States.

3 WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff
Anne-Arundel county.

ANNAPOLIS:
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